



HM Government

Wellbeing For Education Return Covid-19 Recognition of Distress

Mental health and wellbeing training
Learning from the pandemic

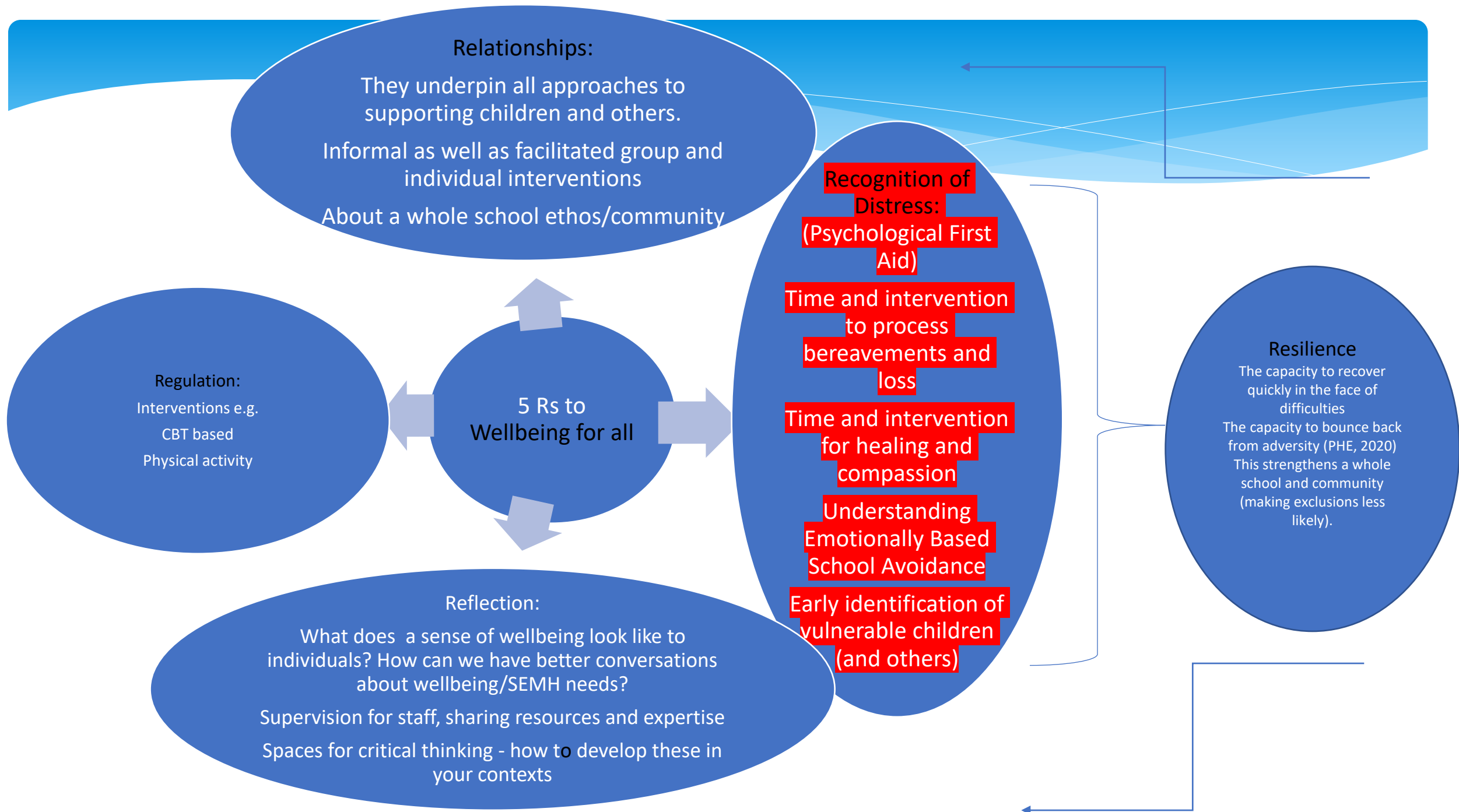
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Key messages from previous sessions

- Adults, children and young people alike will have suffered in this pandemic and the principles of support apply across all ages
- Adults, children and young people bring a lot of different previous experiences, some traumatic e.g. sudden losses in the family, current or past illness, challenging economic or other circumstances. Current stress/trauma **can lead to past trauma resurfacing**
- **We have all had different experiences, thoughts, and feelings due to the pandemic**
- Remember care and compassion for each other, and **for yourself**



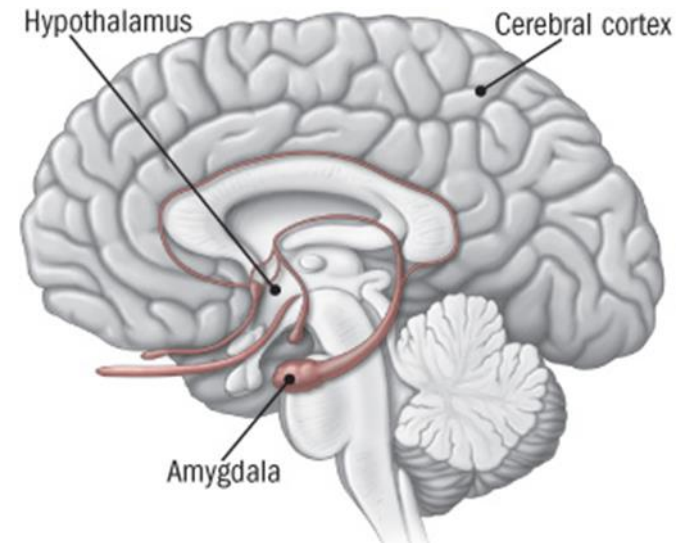
Recognition

Aims of session

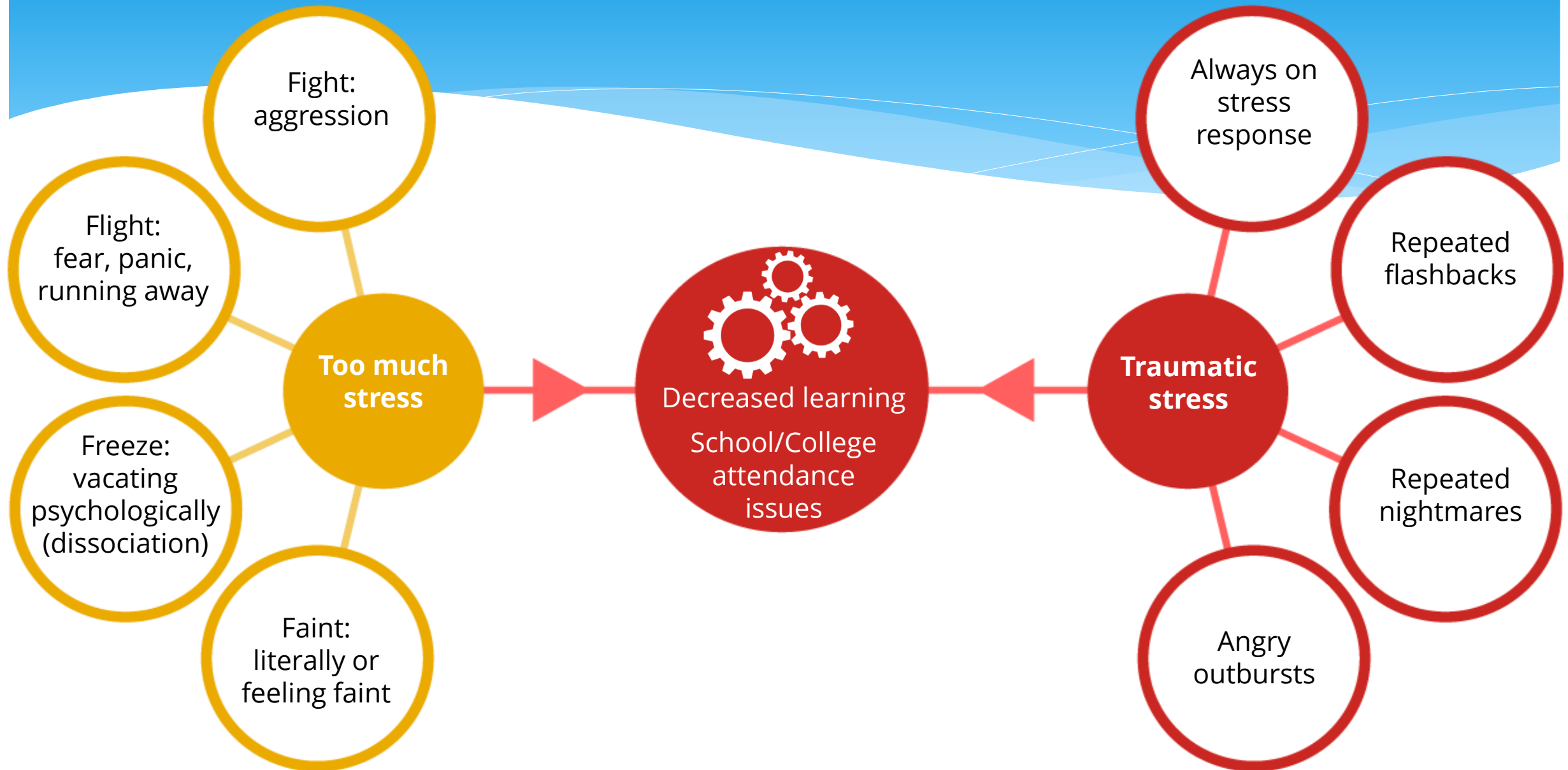
- * Develop an understanding of the stress response.
- * Identify the importance of early recognition in ourselves, pupils, staff and families.
- * Share ideas on recognising distress – in self and in others.

Sounding the alarm

Our stress response starts
in the brain



Stress and trauma: what does it look like?



Importance of recognition of distress

- * Distress can present itself through a wide range of physical, psychological and behavioural symptoms.
- * Children and young people often find it difficult to recognise or identify how they may feel.
- * First step of recognition is being prepared – how Looking and listening
 - * Remember Psychological First Aid

Psychologically informed first aid



Look

For signs of distress



Listen

Even a short time can be great
Use good empathy
Build understanding
Be kind



Link

Them to sources of support
Remember community
activities like clubs, faith
groups, physical activities
Charities and statutory
agencies
On-line resources

Low mood and depression – what should we look for?

Become quiet
and withdrawn

Alternate
between withdrawn
and irritable

Keep away from
friends and stay
by themselves

Deterioration in
self-care

Become irritable
with temper flares

Looks tired

Have poor
attendance

Self-harm,
suicidality

Worries In Covid-19



Recognising distress in children: group 1

- * Over to you

- * What do you do?

Shared from other sessions:

- * Regular check ins
- * Wellbeing sessions/days
- * Active listening
- * Monitoring behaviours

Recognising distress in families/parents/carers: group 2

- * Over to you

- * What do you do?

- * Regular check ins via
telephone or text

- * Active listening

Recognising distress in staff and colleagues: group 3

- * Over to you

- * What do you do?

- * Supervision
- * Team meetings
- * 'triad'
- * Peer mentor system
- * Active listening

Recognising distress in Yourself

- * Over to you

- * What do you do?

Review questions

- How have things changed for you through participating in this session?
- What has resonated with you?
- What do you hope to take forward?
- What has not changed?
- What has been confirmed?
- What has been ignored?

How else can we support you?

- Please put your ideas on the chat or send us an email.